CAP - Exercises: register allocation (chapter 7)

Laure Gonnord

Nov. 2016

$\underline{\text{EXERCISE}} \triangleright \mathbf{Code \ production \ and \ register \ allocation}$

Consider the expression E = ((n * (n + 1)) + (2 * n)). We assume that we have :

- A multiplication instruction mul t1,t2,t3 that computes $t1 := t2^*t3$.
- A "immediate load" instruction ldi t1 4.
- The variable n is stored in the stack slot referred as [n] in the load instruction.
- 1. Generate a 3 address-code with temporaries and ldr instruction to load n. Do it as blindly as possible (no temporary recycling).
- 2. (Without applying liveness analysis) Draw the liveness intervals. How many registers are sufficient to compute this expression?
- 3. Draw the interference graph (nodes are variables, edges are liveness conflicts).
- 4. Color this graph with three colors using the algorithm seen in the course (http://laure.gonnord.org/pro/teaching/MIF08_Compil1617/07-RegisterAlloc.pdf, slides 27-30).
- 5. Give a register allocation with K = 2 registers using the <u>iterative</u> register allocation algorithm seen in course.